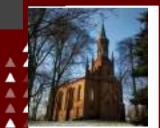
## Rypin





# 





or

m

- The city was destroyed twice in 1409 and in 1431
- 1793 the city was part of Preußen
- 1807 the city was part of Warschau
- After the first world war it was Polish again



### The new church of Rypin

#### General information:

- ~ Name: Michalki
- ~ Built 1784
- ~ it's an lutheran Church

### What do you see at the glass window?

When you look at the window you can see a golden chalice with an shiny sun and grapes and also leaves around it.



Czesław Lissowski was one of the well known inhabitantes of Rypin. He was an sozial activist

Czesław Lissowski: He was born on the january 13th 1895 in zasaki, poland He died on november 15th 1942 in Daschau

Memorial plaques for Cezslaw Lissowski in Rypin: In Rypin a street was named after him There are also plaques in the church of st. of the trinity and in the general middle school



#### **Open-air-museum Sierpc**

1. The open-air-museum was founded on the 24th of march 1971 in Sierpc.

2. In the museum there are 80 small and big architectural objects and more than 13.000 exhibits.

3. Our opinion of the museum:

The ethnographic museum complex offers a great opportunity to recreate life at that time due to the exact replica and the large rooms. Since it was recreated very realistically and due to its size offers a lot of space to get to know them, the museum is very beautiful and a great opportunity to empathize with back then.



### **Monuments of Toruń**

1. It was built in the 13th and 14th century and after it was destroyed the town hall was rebuilt in the 18th century.

2. The man in the right picture is the nicolaus copernicus and he was born on the february 19the 1473 in torun and died on may 24th 1543 in Frauenburg. He was well known for his theories of the planets orbiting the sun and he was an astronomer.

3. Monuments and places we want to visit in Torun:

The house of nicolaus copernicus

- Ordensburg
- The town hall
- Johannesdom







### **Thanks for listening**



